**Research**

**Methodological Workshop on the New Phase of Governance Monitoring**

In collaboration with the Committee on Open Society Initiative for West Africa (OSIWA), in May 2010, in Abidjan, CODESRIA organised a workshop to launch a new phase of monitoring governance initiated jointly by the two partner institutions. The aim of this initiative is to renew and strengthen the establishment of a monitoring framework of indicators, and promote governance as an ongoing review process, punctuated by the production of quarterly reports. The meeting provided an opportunity for its participants to harmonise approaches to research, refine their tools and agree on indicators.

**New Comparative Research Networks (CRN)**

The number of proposals received is almost the same as last year’s. In total, 70 applications have been registered for the 2010 Comparative Research Networks. Following is the analysis made on all proposals:

- **Applications submitted**: 70 CRN proposals from 25 countries among which 2 are in the Diaspora
- **Geographical distribution**: based on the 25 countries where the proposals came from, coordination assignments were distributed by region as follows: North Africa: 2; Southern Africa: 4; East Africa: 5; West Africa: 9; Central Africa: 3; Diaspora: 2
- **Gender**: In terms of the coordination of the networks, 50 were assigned to men and 20 to women
- **Working languages**: 46 proposals were submitted in English, 19 in French and 5 in Portuguese.

**List of 2010 CRNs**

1) CRN Cameroun, South Africa, Kenya and Zimbabwe/ André Ntonfo, Coordinator  
   Football’s Fandom in Africa as Popular Art: A Multidisciplinary Approach

2) CRN Tchad, Mali and Togo/ Angèle Ramadji Beguy, Coordinator  
   Maternal Mortality Reduction in Africa: Comparative Analysis of National Policies in Mali, Chad and Togo

3) CRN Uganda/ Stella Nyanzi, Coordinator  
   Contextual and Structural Factors that Contribute to Young (Refugee and Displaced) Women’s Vulnerability and Resilience to HIV/AIDS in Uganda

4) CRN Sénégal, Switzerland and Côte d’Ivoire/ Mahamadou Sall, Coordinator  
   Young African Refugees: Psycho-social Aspects, Identity and Resilience. A Comparative Research on Côte d’Ivoire, Sénégal and Switzerland

5) CRN Guinea-Bissau, Cape Verde, Angola and Mozambique/ Miguel de Barros, Coordinator  

6) CRN Zanzibar, Mauritius/ Abdul Sheriff, Coordinator  
   Transition from Slavery: The Tale of Two Islands in the Indian Ocean

7) CRN South Africa, Ghana and Uganda/ Olujimi Adesina, Coordinator  
   Beyond Social Protection: Social Policy in Rethinking Africa’s Development: A Comparative Study of Ghana, Rwanda and South Africa

8) CRN South Africa, Namiby and Mauritius/ Francis Nyamnjoh, Coordinator  
   Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs), mobility and the reconfiguration of marginality in Southern Africa

9) CRN Ghana and Burkina-Faso/ Mansah Prah, Coordinator  
   Girls’ and Women’s Educational Aspirations, Sexuality and Missed Chances: Filling in the Gaps. Case studies from primary, secondary and tertiary institutions in Ghana and in Burkina Faso

10) CRN Congo/ Jean-Christophe Boungou Bazika, Coordinator  
    Impact of Trading with China on regional integration within the ECCAS: Analysis of the Trans-border Trade between the Republic of Congo and the Democratic Republic of Congo

**New National Working Groups (NWG)**

Forty nine (49) applications were received for the 2010 National Working Groups, in comparison to seventy six (76) applications received in 2009. The proposals came from the 5 geographical regions, namely:

- West Africa: 18
- East Africa: 8
- Central Africa: 7
- North Africa: 2
- Southern Africa: 14

19 countries were represented based on the following linguistic distribution:
- 9 anglophone countries / 8 francophone countries / 2 lusophone countries;
- 23 proposals were written in English; 17 in French; 9 in Portuguese;

There were 49 coordinators: 41 males and 8 females.
List of 2010 National Working Groups (NWG)

1) NWG Uganda/ Joseph Matovu, Coordinator
   Patients’ Empowerment for Self-care in HIV/AIDS Care and Treatment in Uganda

2) NWG Nigeria I/ Kolawole Olu Owolabi, Coordinator
   Legal Structures, Ethical Norms and the Control of Corruption for the Consolidation of Democracy in Nigeria

3) NWG Kenya/ Daniel Muthee, Coordinator
   Addressing effects of Post-election Violence on Young Children in Kenya: Using Stories, Narratives, and Songs for Peace Building/ Coordinator: Daniel Muthee

4) NWG Tanzania/ Ng’Wanza Kamata, Coordinator
   Tanzania’s Political economy under neoliberalism: Contestation or Compliance?

5) NWG Nigeria II/ Jeffrey Isima, Coordinator
   Security Governance in Nigeria: The Informal Dimension

6) NWG Senegal I/ Aminata Dia Ba Sow, Coordinator
   Access to Land, Status and Roles of Rural Women of the Senegal River in the Promotion of Food Security: The Example of the Rice Sector

7) NWG Malawi/ Amon Kabuli, Coordinator
   Youth on the Move: Assessing Socio and Economic Factors Impacting Youth Livelihoods and Poverty Reduction Strategies in Rural and Semi-Urban Areas of Malawi

8) NWG Senegal II/ Diatou Thiaw, Coordinator
   Climate Change, Poverty and the Situation of Children in Eco-geographical Zones in Senegal: The Case of Casamance and the Groundnut Basin

9) NWG Mozambique/ Katia Palm, Coordinator

From Invisibility to the Light: Women, Household, Violence and the New Law in Mozambique

10) NWG Cape Verde/ Arlindo Mendes, Coordinator
    Socio-cultural Practices of Alternative Medicine

Consortium for Development Partnerships (CDP)

The CDP programme includes a dozen research centres, universities and civil society organisations, jointly conducting research and capacity building in West Africa on themes covering economic development, democracy and conflict resolution. This consortium also makes available to countries in the sub-region and ECOWAS, reference data and data elements that have a specific purpose in relation to key challenges they are facing.

The teams engaged in this programme have held their methodology workshops for 2010 between January and February. A meeting of the Steering Committee of the programme was also held in June. This meeting brought together the team coordinators and the main coordinators of the programme, namely CODESRIA and ASC Leiden.

Programme on Gender

From 25 to 27 October 2010, the 7th Symposium on Gender, under the theme ‘Gender and Migration in Africa’, will be taking place in Cairo, Egypt. This symposium will be held as usual in collaboration with the Arab and African Centre for Research (AACR), based in Egypt. The symposium will be part of the ongoing discussions on gender relations and migration in Africa, the socio-political and economic implications it brings, the economic dimension of migration and the risks and benefits posed by this phenomenon. This meeting will also be an opportunity to discuss different forms of migration from a gender perspective.

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Reforming the Malawian Public Sector
Retrospectives and Prospectives

Edited by Richard I.C.Tambulasi
CODESRIA, Dakar, 2010, 110 pp

This book examines decentralization, performance contracting, and public–private partnerships as key aspects of the reforms and comes to the conclusion that at best, it can be argued that the failures have been due to poor implementation and this could be attributed to the fact that the process was led by donors who lacked the necessary institutional infrastructure. The book uses the 2005/6 fertilizer subsidy programme, which the government embarked on despite donor resistance that it went against market models, but which turned out to be overwhelmingly successful to demonstrate the state’s developmental ability and potential.

Price/Prix: Africa / Afrique 7 500 FCFA -- Outside Africa / Hors Afrique www.africanbookscollective.com

ISBN: 978-2-86978-314-0
Training, Grants and Fellowships

CODESRIA Prize for the Best Doctoral Thesis in Social Sciences

The thesis that won this prize this year is ‘Anarchism and Syndicalism in South Africa, 1904–1921: Rethinking the History of Labour and the Left’ by Lucien van der Walt, School of Social Sciences, Faculty of Humanities, University of the Witwatersrand, South Africa. The prize consists of:

1) the possible publication of the thesis;
2) the possible publication of French and Portuguese versions of the thesis;
3) presentation of the results of the thesis in some universities;
4) grant of 1,000 USD.

Training Grants and Fellowships: 2010/2011 Activities

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<th>Directors</th>
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<td>Gender, Dakar, 7-25 June, 2010</td>
<td>Gender and Sport in Africa’s Development</td>
<td>Dr Monia Lachheeb</td>
<td>Ghana 1; Cameroon 4; Zimbabwe 4; Botswana 1; Swaziland 1; South Africa 2; Kenya 1;</td>
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<td>Governance, Dakar, 26 July-13</td>
<td>Corruption, Democratic Governance and</td>
<td>Dr Said Adejumobi Accountability</td>
<td>Cameroon 2; Togo 1; Benin 1; Senegal 2; Rwanda 1; Nigeria 5; South Africa 1; Swaziland 1; Egypt 1; Ivory Coast 1; Kenya 1; Uganda 1; Congo 1;</td>
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<td>Child and Youth, Dakar, 6 – 24 September, 2010</td>
<td>The Place for Work in African Childhoods</td>
<td>Prof. Michael Bourdillon</td>
<td>RDC 2; Ghana 2; Congo 1; Ethiopia 1; Cameroon 3; Mali 1; Kenya 2; South Africa 1; Ivory Coast 1; Chad 1; Senegal 1; Zimbabwe 1; Norway 1</td>
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<td>Health, Policy and Society in Africa, Dakar, 7-25 February 2011</td>
<td>HIV/AIDS and the Discourse of the “Outsider” in Africa</td>
<td>Prof. Cheikh Ibrahima Niang</td>
<td>Cameroon 3; RDC 2; Congo 1; Togo 1; Burkina Faso 1; Senegal 2; Mauritania 1; Kenya 3; Nigeria 3; Tunisia 1; France 1; USA 1</td>
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Methodology Workshop Coordinator

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<td>Northern Africa, Oran, 4-8 October, 2010</td>
<td>Fields and Theories of Qualitative Research</td>
<td>Omar Derras</td>
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SEPHIS

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<td>Extended Workshop, Dakar, 2-12 November, 2010</td>
<td>Historicizing Gender and Sexuality in the Global South</td>
<td>Charu Gupta</td>
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Advanced Research Fellowships:

Dakar, 24-25 February, 2011

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Textbooks Programme:

Dakar, 16-17 February, 2011

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Small Grants Programme:

for Thesis Writing

Dakar, 16-20 August, 2011

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<td>Nigeria 7; Zambia 1; South Africa 2; Rwanda 1; Zimbabwe 2; Kenya 3; Burundi 2; Benin 2; Ivory Coast 1; Madagascar 2; Burkina Faso 1; Mali 2; Senegal 7; Congo 3; RDC 1; Ethiopia 1; Guinea Conakry 1; Swaziland 1; Niger 1; Cameroon 3</td>
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South-South Exchange Programme for Research on the History of Development (SEPHIS)

The Annual CODESRIA-SEPHIS Lecture Tour seeks to encourage connections between different research traditions and networks in the South by inviting an established scholar from another part of the South, representing a specific social/historical school or scholarly approach, to give a number of lectures in selected African universities. It is rotated amongst the sub-regions of the African continent. In 2009, Botswana and Lesotho hosted the tour on behalf of the Southern African region. The tour, which took place from 1 to 14 June 2009, had as guest lecturer Maria del Pilay Troya of FLASCO, Ecuador.

The topic of her lecture, which is to be published by CODESRIA and SEPHIS, was ‘Discourses on Citizenship of Women in the Global South: Lessons from Ecuador’. The lecture was warmly received by the audiences made up of academics and civil society activists in both countries, as it touched on a very crucial issue affecting female empowerment in Africa–citizenship. The tour also provided Maria with the opportunity to establish links with colleagues working on gender studies in Lesotho and Botswana and to make plans for a reciprocal visit by a Botswana gender specialist to Ecuador.

Alternative Methodology Workshop 2009 took place in Bamako, Mali from 5 to 10 of August 2009. The workshop was the third in the series to be organised by CODESRIA-SEPHIS and the first with French as the working language. It was thus a groundbreaking workshop and a very important effort by CODESRIA and SEPHIS to meet the needs of development research and researchers in Africa. The workshop had as theme: Oral Sources as Alternative History.

The workshop director was Prof. Theodore Nicoue Lodjou Gayibor, former rector, University of Lome and foremost African expert on oral history. He was assisted by Prof. Doulaye Konate of the University of Mali and Prof. Seydou Camara of the African Studies Institute, Mali. The ten laureates of the workshop were doctoral candidates from universities in Francophone Africa who were mainly historians. The first part of the workshop covered the theoretical issues involved in conducting research, using oral sources in Africa.

The second part of the workshop covered the practical aspects of doing research, using oral sources with the example of research, carried out on the Mandé of Mali with oral sources by Prof Seydou Camara. The third part of the workshop focused on the dynamics and use of oral sources in contemporary African states and societies. It focused principally on the use of oral sources in the construction of memory by African states, societies and peoples. The combination of the practical and theoretical lectures and the highlighting of the importance of oral sources to the functioning of contemporary societies were highly welcomed by all the participants.

The Equity Policy Dialogue was the first policy dialogue to be organised by the CODESRIA-SEPHIS programme. The theme of the Equity Policy dialogue, which was held in Dakar, Senegal, from the 1 to 3 October 2009 was ‘Corruption: Critical Perspectives from the South’. The dialogue, which lasted three days, drew participants from all over the Global South (Africa, Latin America and Asia) and from a diverse range of disciplines (Economics, Sociology, Political Science, Law, Anthropology and Philosophy).

The Equity Policy Dialogue brought together experts from all regions of the South, with the goal of facilitating the exchange of ideas between activists, researchers and policy makers on equity issues in order to generate policy-relevant knowledge, promote the use of social science research in policy formulation, and the development of methodological tools for evaluating the impact of social and economic development policies on equity. The Dialogue was coordinated by Dr Said Adejumobi, Chief, Public Administration Section & Coordinator of the African Governance Report (AGR) at the United Nations Economic Commission for Africa, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia. He also presented the keynote address titled ‘Corruption in Africa: A Theoretical Consideration’.

The policy dialogue sessions took the form of open forum discussions centred on keynote presentations, and papers covering sub-themes such as conceptual and theoretical approaches to corruption in the south; history, culture and corruption; perceptions and interpretations of corruption; political and economic perspectives and the social dimensions of corruption. The uniqueness of the SEPHIS Equity Dialogue on corruption was in its focus on the encouragement of Southern voices in the debate on corruption and in the challenging of the dominant view of corruption as a characteristic of the Global South.

More important was the emphasis of the dialogue, as reflected in its theme, on the relationship and the importance of corruption to issues of equity in the Global South and the need to come to terms with and understand in detail such connections. The dialogue underlined the fact that the issue of corruption required a critical, nuanced and historicised analysis which took on board the trajectory of the development experience of Southern countries, specifically, their political, ideological, institutional, socio-cultural and political context and the place of the Global South in the global economy.

Conclusion

During its activities in 2009, the CODESRIA-SEPHIS programme, through a focus on building a sustainable platform for strategic discussions about development paradigms by research and training in the history of development, reinforced CODESRIA’s quest for ‘alternatives that consolidate and extend the social sciences as a body of knowledge that is relevant for understanding and transforming livelihood for the better’.
New Publications

The CODESRIA Publications and Dissemination Programme continues to make steady progress in its key function of providing accessibility and visibility for research findings on Africa, both within and outside the continent. Hence, the first half of the year has, as usual, been devoted to publishing the Council’s research findings as books, articles in journals, or as policy research reports, and as well engage in publication collaborative and dissemination activities. There is no doubt that CODESRIA’s focus on what needs to be done to promote the emergence of better African societies, based on principles of good governance and human security, are being pursued strongly, as can be seen in the publications so far released.

Book Series

1) Reforming the Malawian Public Sector: Retrospectives and Prospectives, edited by Richard I.C. Tambulasi
ISBN: 978-2-86978-314-0

2) Saviors and Survivors, Darfur, Politics, and the War on Terror, by Mahmood Mamdani

3) From ‘Foreign Natives’ to ‘Native Foreigners’—Explaining Xenophobia in Post-apartheid South Africa: Citizenship and Nationalism, Identity and Politics, by Michael Neocosmos

4) Gender, Sport and Development in Africa: Cross-cultural Perspectives on Patterns of Representations and Marginalization, edited by Jimoh Shehu

5) Genre et Sport dans le développement en Afrique : la conquête des femmes, edited by Monia Lachheb

6) Speaking Truth to Power: Selected Pan-African Postcards by Abdul Raheem Tajudeen (co-published with Fahamu)

Monographs

1) Statsm, Youth and Civic Imagination : A Critical Study of the National Youth Service Corps Programme in Nigeria, by Ebenezer Obadare
ISBN: 978-2-86978-303-4

2) The Concept of First Lady and Engendering of Politics in Nigeria, by Kunle Ajayi
ISBN: 978-2-86978-304-1

Policy Dialogue

Africa: Reaffirming our Commitment , (edited by Adebayo Olukoshi, Jean Bernard Ouédraogo and Ebrima Sall)
ISBN: 978-2-86978-250-1

Journals

1) Africa Development, Volume 34, Number 2, 2009
ISSN: 0850-3907

2) Africa Development, Volume 34, Number 3&4, 2009
ISSN: 0850-3907

3) The African Anthropologist, Volume 14, Number 1&2, 2007
ISSN: 1024-0969

4) African Sociological Review, Volume 13, Number 1, 2009
ISSN: 1027-4332

ISSN: 0851-2914

6) Africa Review of Books, Volume 6, Number 1, 2010
ISSN: 0851-7592

7) CODESRIA Bulletin, Numbers 1&2, 2009, French
ISSN: 0850-8712

8) Africa Review of Books
ISSN: 0851-7592

Research Reports

1) Genre et sécurité au Sénégal : une intégration à poursuivre (co-published with AMLD) Fatou Sarr
ISBN: 978-9-29222-074-7

2) A Study of the Independent National Electoral Commission of Nigeria
By Jibrin Ibrahim & Dauda Garuba

3) A Study of Ghana’s Electoral Commission
By Emmanuel Debrah, E. Kojo Pumpuni & Emmanuel Gyimah-Boadi
ISBN: 978-2-86978-316-4

Book Presentation

Book presentations are one of the avenues for creating visibility for CODESRIA publications. We have however had only one presentation so far, and this was on the book Armée et politique au Niger edited by Idrissa Kimba. The presentation took place on 5 March 2010 at the Librairie Claireafrique, Dakar. It is hoped that other book presentations would hold before the year runs out.

Trade and Co-publication Collaborations

Two of our publications listed below have been co-published; one with Fahamu Books and the other with Alliance pour la migration, le leadership et le développement (AMLD). The strengthening of our co-publishing arrangements with different publishers continues, presently with the Human Science Research Council (HSRC) press in South Africa for the production of The Meanings of Timbuktu (French and Arabic editions), "The Capital Cities of Africa", "Africa Focus 2009", and "Annotated Bibliography". A meeting has been held with the HSRC on these titles.
New titles for co-publication have also been proposed to Karthala in Paris and Zed Books in UK, while planning to complete negotiations with new commercial publishers. New distribution outlets on the continent are going to be opened while strengthening the distribution of CODESRIA publications through Mosuro the Booksellers Limited (Ibadan, Nigeria), University Bookshop, Makerere (Kampala, Uganda), Edition CLE (Yauonde, Cameroon) and and Librairie Clairafrique (Dakar, Senegal).

Managing CODESRIA’s Presence on the Web
Since February 18, 2010, CODESRIA has activated the renewed version of its Web site (http://www.codesria.org/). It is available in English, French and Portuguese versions. It presents a new mapping and its information architecture makes navigation easier across the various Web site content headings. The site has become much more interactive, allows easy communication with the different programme officers and automatic access to the most recent information posted online, thanks to an RSS flux facility. This makes it possible for as many as may wish to subscribe to CODESRIA’s mailing list to receive announcements on all the Council’s activities. Now the Web site can be updated regularly by CODICE team via the Web from any log-on point.

The Council’s information on the new Web site has been organised under ten major headings: research programmes, training, publications, conferences, online resources, fellowship, announcements, schedule and topical events. Major innovations include:

• introducing the Secretariat staff, with profile description and pictures to facilitate identification;

• posting online not only key-documents like CODESRIA Charter, Strategic Plan and Annual Reports, but also a wide range of public statements on various issues and tributes paid to social science research community members;

• a catalogue of CODESRIA’s most recent publications which may be searched by theme, country and region;

• an online catalogue of CODICE library (http://www.codesria.sn/);

• a list of useful resource links for the social science research community;

• schedule of CODESRIA’s public activities;

• social science news, supplied notably via the RSS flux, of specialised social science research Web sites;

• a list of main acronyms and a glossary of terminologies used;

• a list of frequently asked questions and model answers;

• an RSS flux giving access in real time to Web site updates;

• localisation of CODESRIA on Google Maps and provision of all necessary information to get there by bus, cab, etc.

Web site counters showed that about 39,000 Net surfers visited the site between the date of its activation and May 31, 2010. On a monthly average, the number of visitors increased from 3,000 in February to 10,500 in March; 11,000 in April and 13,000 in May, 2010. Average daily visitors numbered 432 with a peak of 557 reached on April 23, 2010. A detailed analysis of links hosted with some Web sites revealed about 16,600 links to CODESRIA’s Web site. The main Web sites which visitors transit through to get to our site numbered 48 with Google topping the list (494), followed by Peace and Collaborative Development Network (320), International Sociological Association (254), OSSREA (223), Centre population et développement (148), Médiateur (145), Danish Development Research Network (114), CODICE online catalogue (98), UCAD (86), etc.

Visitor Distribution between the Various Web site Content Headings
Visitor trends between the various headings showed that most visitors were attracted by announcements (28.2%), followed by publications (16.3%) and lastly information on CODESRIA (11.8%). Fellowship announcements alone accounted for 56 per cent of total visitors to announcements. However, these statistics should be relativised owing to the fact that all announcements did not remain online for an equal period of time due to in-built constraints in their respective formulations.

Lastly, 420 Internet surfers’ visit to CODESRIA’s recent publications were as follows: Chercheurs et décideurs (440), African Union and New Strategies for Development in Africa (334), Armée et politique au Niger (149), Saviors and Survivors (143), 137 visited “The Meanings of Timbuktu” (137), and Les frontières de la citoyenneté en cote d’ivoire (100). Now, as soon as a publication is sent to the printer, it is immediately put online on our site as advance information to prospective users and to ensure that CODESRIA is the first to break information on it.

CODESRIA’s activities can now also be followed on Twitter, by logging on to http://twitter.com/codesria. As of now, over hundred institutions (OSSREA, NAI, HSRC, SSRC, CRASC, IDRC, ROCARE, WDR, FIFA, SANGONet, EUFORIC, Africa Renewal, Jeune Afrique, ONG Afrique, US Government, etc.) and individuals have registered for information on CODESRIA’s activities. Besides, about forty links to Twitter accounts which might be of interest to the social science research community have been proposed through this account. This Twitter account has allowed us to be present on social networks, to increase distribution channels of information on our activities and build a better image for CODESRIA.
# Free Full Text Online Resources for Social Science Research

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